Figure 5.5
Age-Adjusted\textsuperscript{1} Mortality Rates from Diabetes Mellitus:
North Carolina and Eastern North Carolina Race-Sex Specific, 2000-2004

White Males

White Females

Per 100,000 Population
- 0.0\textsuperscript{2} - 21.4
- 21.5 - 25.3
- 25.4 - 29.6
- 29.7 - 37.1
- 37.2 - 264.4\textsuperscript{3}

Non-White Males

Non-White Females

\textsuperscript{1} Five-Year Average, Age-Adjusted Rates Standardized to US 2000 SM
\textsuperscript{2} In Alleghany, Ashe, Avery, Clay Madison, Mitchell, and Watauga Counties, there were no non-white/minority deaths from diabetes. There were no non-white male diabetes deaths in Alexander, Camden, Cherokee, Haywood, and Macon Counties. Non-white females experienced no deaths from diabetes in Stokes and Yancey Counties. Tyrrell County was the only county that had no white male deaths from diabetes.
\textsuperscript{3} Non-white males in Yancey County had the highest rate

Data Source: Odum Institute, UNC—Chapel Hill